



Leibniz Supercomputing Centre
of the Bavarian Academy of Sciences and Humanities

Operating quantum hardware in an HPC environment: potential, challenges, lessons learnt

Luigi Iapichino | Group Lead of User Enablement and Applications, Quantum Computing and Technologies Department

1 High-Performance Computing and QC: the need for integration

2 Hardware integration and the QC systems at LRZ

- Euro-Q-Exa and its Friendly User Pilot Phase

3 Software integration: the Munich Quantum Software Stack

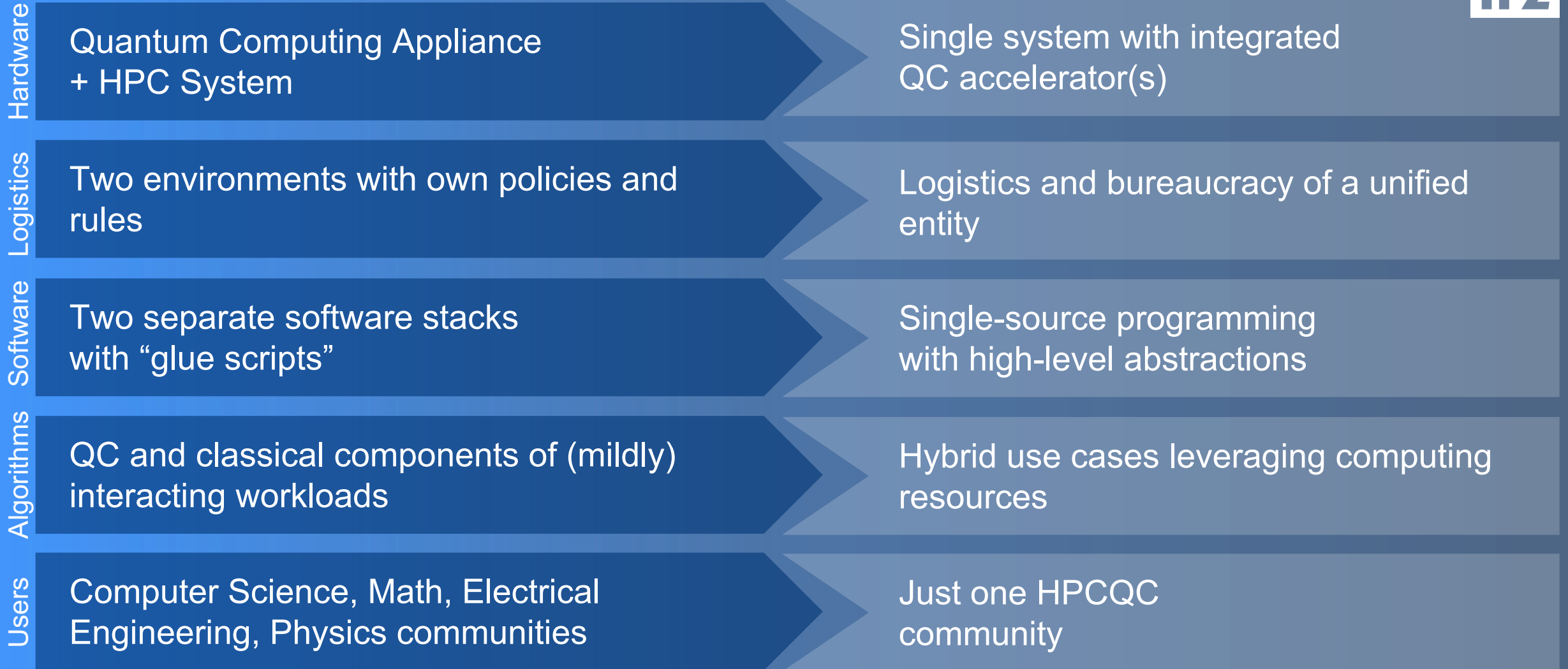
4 Algorithm integration: a few highlights

5 Community integration and lessons learnt

Thank you QCT!



Integration and HPCQC End Goals



Hardware integration Euro-Q-Exa



Co-funding between EuroHPC-JU, BMBTR, State of Bavaria

Two systems: 54 qubits (IQM “Emerald”), now installed, and 150 qubits (end of 2026), superconducting, provided by IQM

The system is currently integrated into an experimental HPC cluster at LRZ; moving to integration on SuperMUC-NG Phase 2

Available for European users

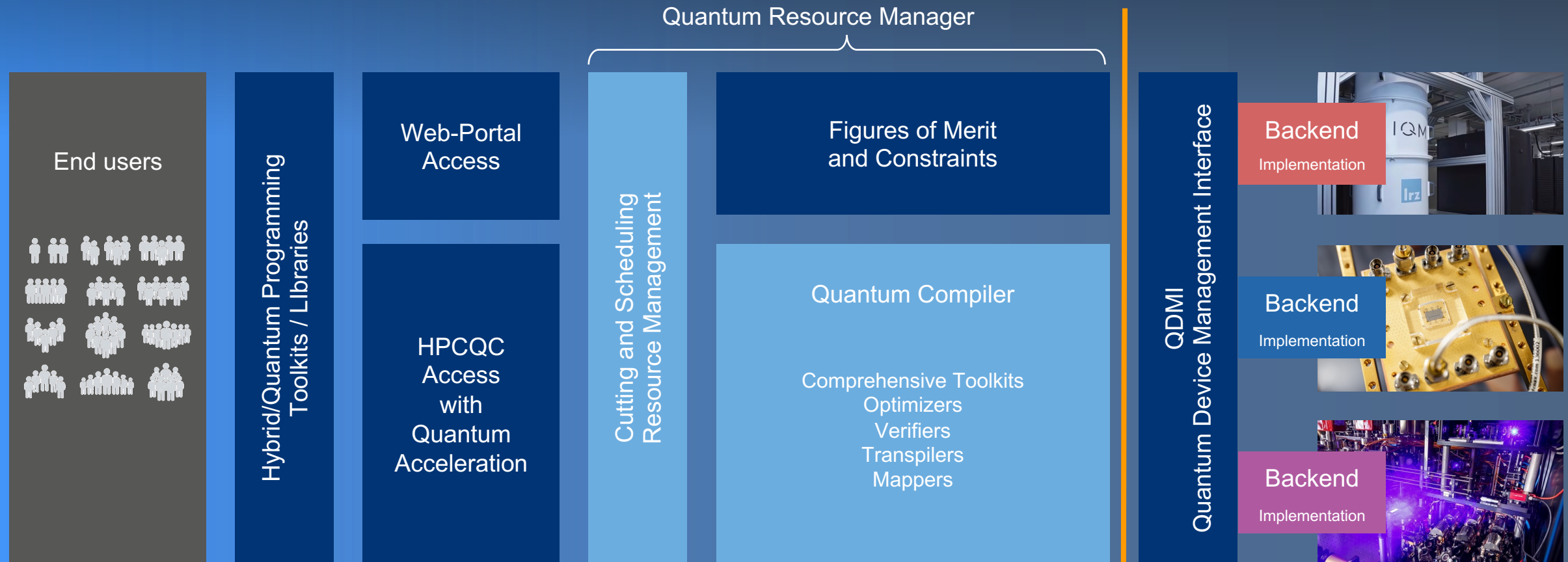
Q-Exa as pre-access platform, in March 2026 onboarding test users, in July/August 2026 regular user operation expected

Interim system Q-Exa



- Inaugurated June 18, 2024
- Outcome of the Q-Exa project (with IQM, HQS and Eviden)
- 20-qubit superconducting system “IQM Garnet” (ArXiv: 2408.12433)
- First co-located hybrid quantum-HPC job run in a data center environment
- Test user operation in 2024; regular user operation started in September 2025
- Noise model deployed on our Qaptiva hardware simulator

The Munich Quantum Software Stack



The Friendly User Pilot Phase



Concept borrowed from HPC

- Starting user operation with few, selected users
- No guarantee that everything runs as smooth as expected
- Users run on a system with less load
- Stress test for the system
- Tight feedback loop between LRZ consulting/support team, IQM and users

10 invited research teams
from all over Europe

Selection based on excellence
and ongoing collaborations

Initial kick-off on March 11

Four Open Mic sessions

Mailing list and Element room

About 25 users onboarded

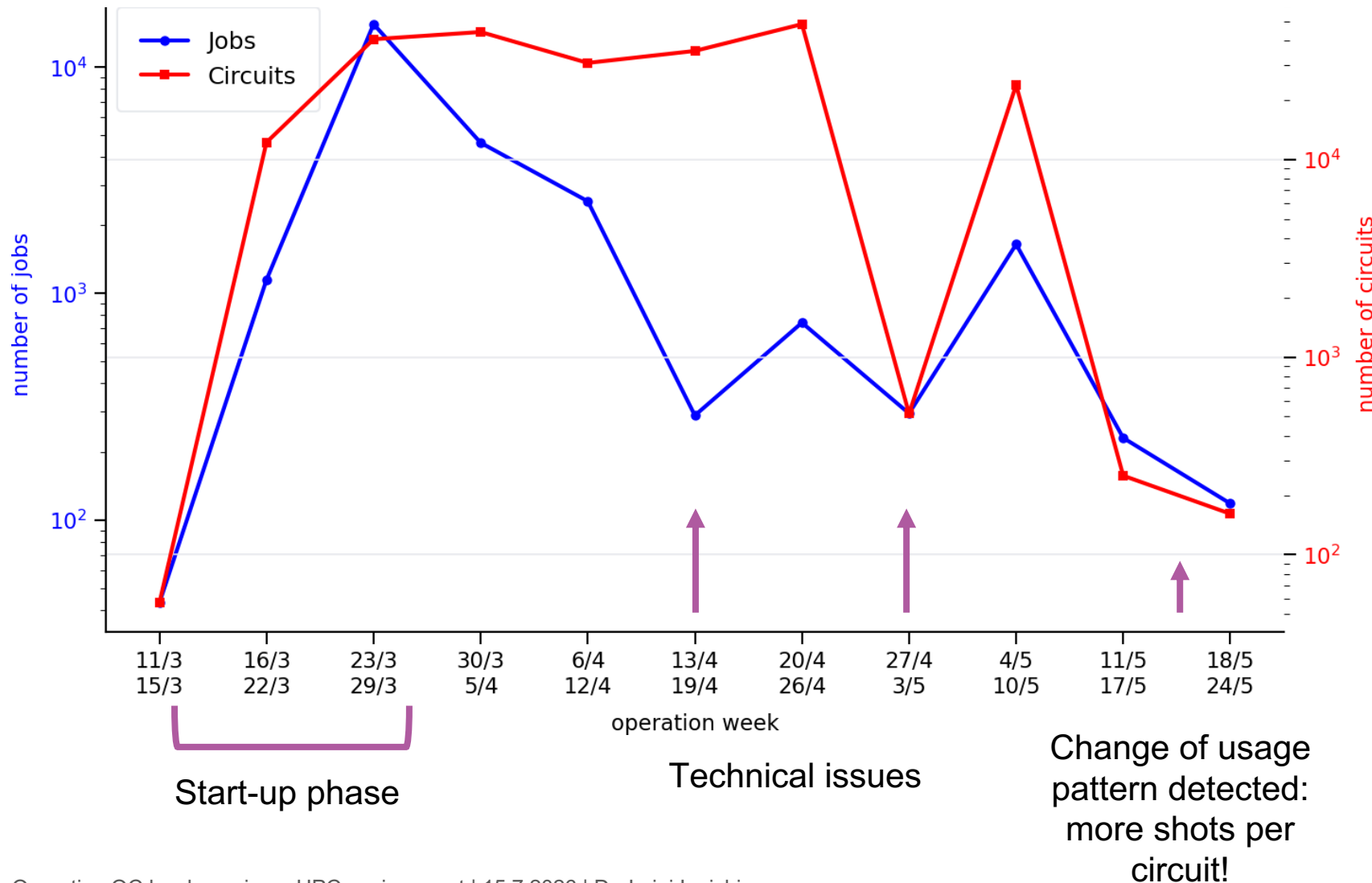


Work in different application areas:

- Optimisation
- Computational chemistry
- Quantum Machine Learning
- Astrophysics
- Quantum resource theory
- Many-body physics
- Error mitigation



Statistics per Operation Week



Up to 14
Number of active
users per week

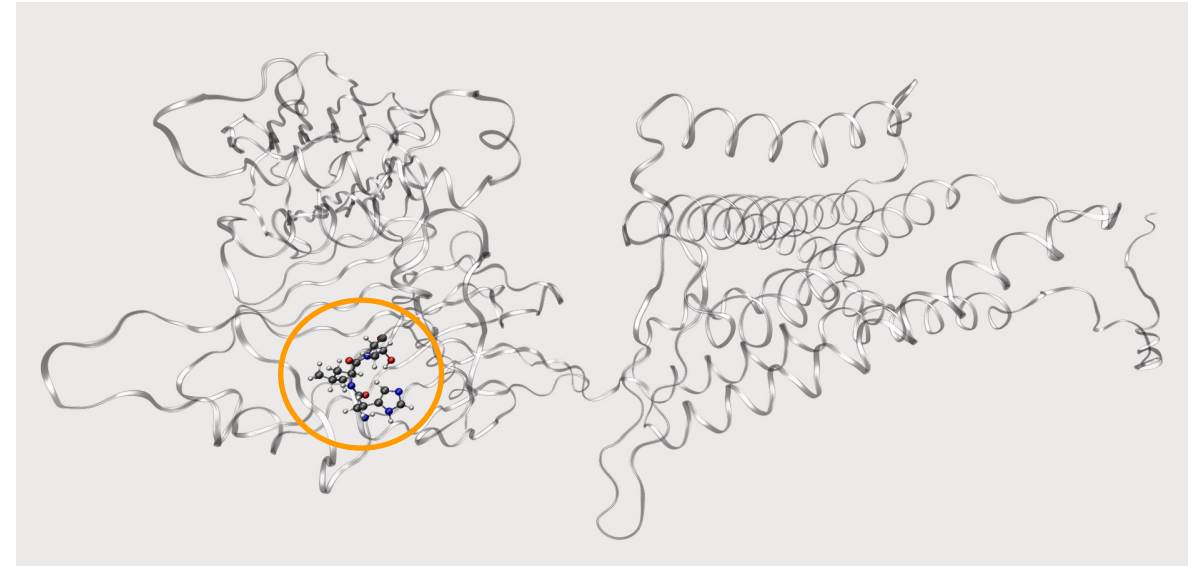
27,104
Total number
of jobs

236,377
Total number of
circuits (system still
not heavily used)

Algorithms and HPCQC synergies in the integration: A few examples

Hybrid Quantum-GPU Biomolecular Simulation (work in progress)

- First integrated pipeline combining quantum computing, GPU-accelerated supercomputing, and classical simulation
- Developed by UCL, TUM, LMU, NVIDIA, LRZ, QMatter and IQM
- Uses Euro-Q-Exa with the LRZ BDAI cluster
- Multiscale approach: quantum modeling of active regions + classical environment
- Demonstrated on G-protein-coupled receptors (key drug target; ~1/3 of medicines act on them)
- Opens new paths for drug discovery, molecular engineering and life sciences



Full GPCR structure and the active site simulated on quantum hardware (from QMatter website)

Quantum and classical components of the algorithm

Quantum-selected Configuration Interaction (QSCI)

Idea: Diagonalize Hamiltonian in a subspace spanned by configurations sampled from the QPU

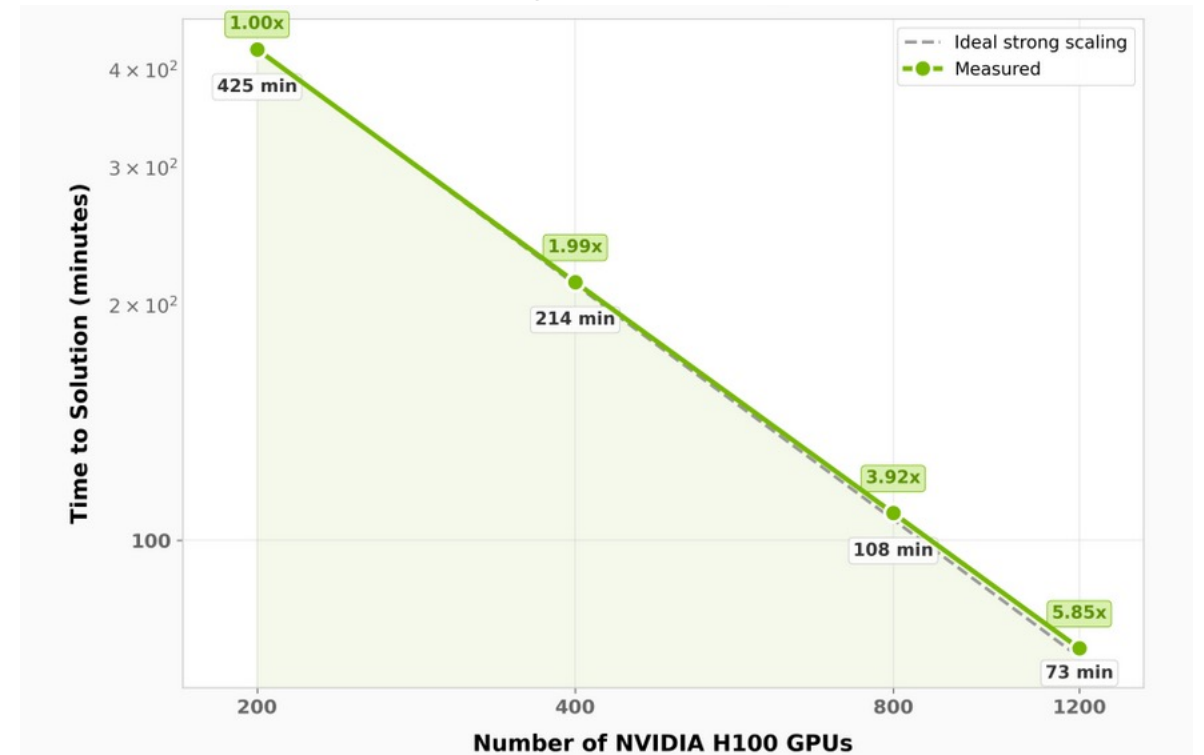
QPU $|\Psi_1\rangle, |\Psi_2\rangle, |\Psi_3\rangle, \dots^*$

Classical matrix diagonalization $\begin{pmatrix} \langle \Psi_1 | H | \Psi_1 \rangle & \dots & \langle \Psi_1 | H | \Psi_N \rangle \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \langle \Psi_N | H | \Psi_1 \rangle & \dots & \langle \Psi_N | H | \Psi_N \rangle \end{pmatrix}$

*potentially prepared with VQE

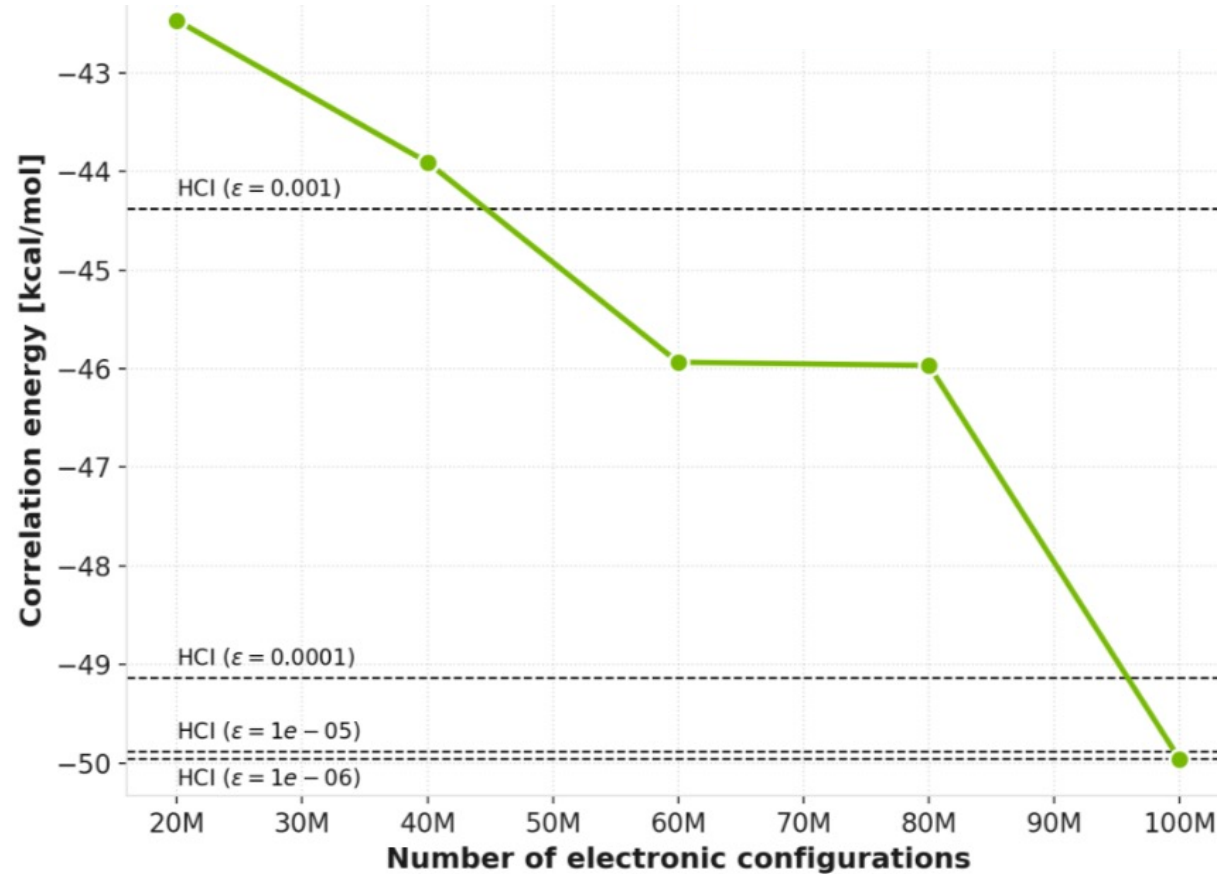
Courtesy: Alex Orlov

Strong scaling – 200 to 1200 NVIDIA H100s,
1 Billion Quantum Configurations



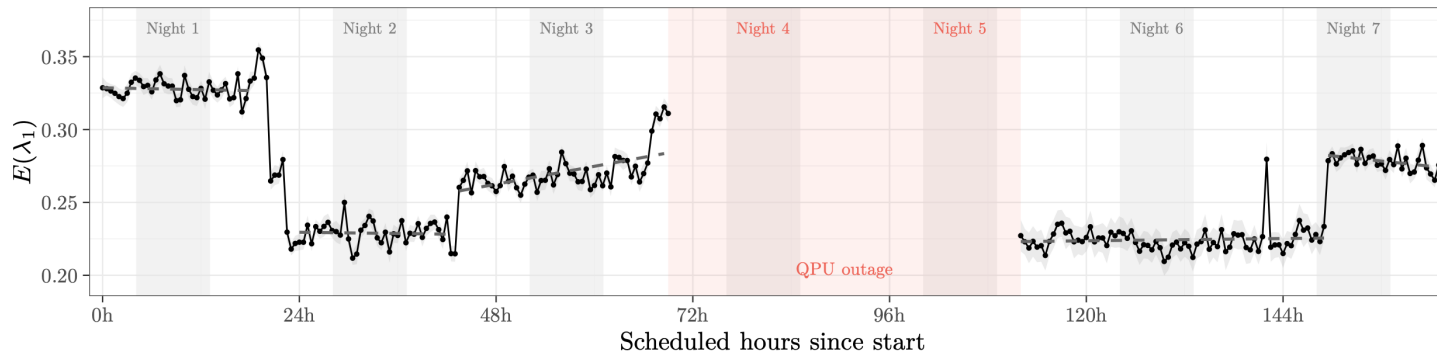
The post-processing step has an excellent GPU scaling. Less sensitive to latency and tight integration requirements.

Energy convergence in the chosen 52-qubit active space of the GPCR system



—●— LRZ AI Cluster, NVIDIA 64 x H100s

Claim against Measurement: Statistical Artefacts in Quantum Error Mitigation Benchmarks¹



Longitudinal drift experiment on Euro-Q-Exa over seven days of operation

Quantum error mitigation studies typically neglect intrinsic variations of the hardware. Experiments demonstrate strong temporal drift effects:

- Same QEM configuration yields very different error-mitigation outcomes over time
- Effect sizes can vary by >3x depending only on execution timing
- Influence results as strongly as the QEM method itself

Establishing statistically rigorous benchmarking standards is essential for QEM and for quantum computing progress in general.

What else? What comes next?



Operating Euro-Q-Exa is demanding also from a policy / legal viewpoint (export control, ...)

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The regular user operation starts this month, after a “Special Operation Phase” during which we reserve the system for users with non-standard needs

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At European level: Quantum Access Pilot has been launched (<https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/calls/61>).

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There's no QC without HPC, now and in the fault-tolerant phase. New algorithms (e.g. QSCI) are moving the focus, affecting the extent of HPC computing power to be coupled with QC resources.



Dr. Luigi Iapichino
Leibniz Supercomputing Centre
luigi.iapichino@lrz.de
quantum@lrz.de



EURO-Q-EXA



Bavarian State Ministry of
Science and the Arts



Bavarian Ministry of Economic Affairs,
Regional Development and Energy

